Course Title: Research Methodology Course Code: PHWS101CCT

Scheme of Instruction Scheme of Examination

Total Duration : 60 Hrs Maximum Score : 100 Periods/Week: 4 Internal evaluations : 30 Credits 4 **End Semesters** : 70 Instruction Mode: Exam Duration : 3 Hrs Lecture

Course Objectives: Annexure attached

- 1. To enable students to have an understanding of tools of research and basic statistical techniques
- 2. To help students to conceptualize the research problems and to use them in their research work.
- 3. To provide knowledge about the data processing and style of thesis writing.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course paper, the students shall be able to-Conceptualize the Research problems. Select tools and techniques for collecting data. Analyze the data and systematically present it.

Unit	Course Content	Instruction
		Hours
I	Unit – 1: Research in social Science	12Hrs
	Objectives, Use and scope, interdisciplinary approaches in Social Science,	
	Relationship between theory and research, Scientific Method: Meaning,	
	importance and steps, Ethics in Research, Feminist Research, Epistemology,	
	Ethno methodology.	
	Unit – II: Research Design:	12Hrs
П	Problem formulation, Conceptualizing hypothesis, pilot study, Descriptive,	
	experimental, exploratory.	
	Unit – III: Sampling:	12Hrs
III	a) Definition of sample; importance of sampling in social science	
	research, advantage and	
	disadvantage of sampling.	
	b) Probability sampling - Random sampling, multistage stage sampling.	
	Cluster sampling,	

	Stratified Sampling, Syst	ematic Sampling.	
	c) Non-Probability sampli	ng - Purposive Sampling, Convenience	
	Sampling, Quota Sampling	ng, Snowball Sampling.	
	Unit – 4		12Hrs
IV	Sources and Methods of Data C	Collection:	
	1) Sources.		
	•	o) Secondary.	
	2) Tools and techniques of Res		
		estionnaire, Participatory Research, Action	
	Research, Case Study, Oral F	History.	
	3) Statistical Techniques:		
	a) Measures of central Tend	lency.	
	Mean, Median, Mode.		
	b) Measures of Dispersion	-Types of Dispersion.	
	Range, Quartile Deviatio	on, Mean Deviation.	
	Standard Deviation		
	c) Simple Co-relation.		
	Graphic Method, Kar	i Pearson Co-efficient of Co-relation,	
	Spearman's rank Order O	Correlation.	
	d) Tests of Significance.		
	T-tests (students distribu	tion test with simple mean) ,Chi- square, F-	
	test.		
	e) Simple Regression.		
	Definition and uses of	f Regression Analysis, Regression lines-	
	Regression equation x of	or y and y or x, Normal Equation method	
	limitation of regression a	analysis.	
V	Unit – 5		12Hrs
	Data processing and Analysis: a) Schedules.		
	,	two way/ three way tables	
		nmatic representation of data tables, Bar	
		equency Polygon, Frequency curve (ogive)	
	Pie Diagram.	1 o., Bon, 110quone, out to (ogito)	
	b) Report Writing.		
	a) Project Report.	b) Dissertation.	
	• •	b) Dissertation.	

Internal Assessment. Course work. Tests.end Semester. Dissertation. Viva Voce.

- 1. Kothari, C. R. (2009). Research Methodology, Methods and Techniques. New Age International Publishers, New Delhi.
- 2. Singh, Y. K. (2006). Fundamentals of Research methodology and Statistics. New Age International Pvt Ltd Publishers.
- 3. Earl R. Babbie: The Basics of Social Research, 2013.
- 4. Earl R. Babbie: The Practice of Social Research, 6th Edition, 2012.
- 5. Manfred & Maxneef. Human Scale Development. The Apex Press, N. 1991.
- 6. Pandey, D. Empowerment of Women: Participatory Action Research Approach, R CWS, 1995.
- 7. Roberts, Helen. (ed.). Feminist Research. Routledge & Kegan Paul London, 1988.
- 8. Harding, Sandra. Feminism & Methodology. Indiana: Indiana University Press, 1987.
- 9. Goode W.J and Hatt P K: Methods in Social Research.
- 10. Babbie Earl: Methodology and Techniques of social research.
- 11. SNDT women's university, contribution to women's studies series-44, Oral history in women's studies concept, Method and use {Bombay, SNDT University, 1990}.
- 12. Neera Desai and Vibhuti Patel: Critical Review of research in women's studies, {Bombay research centre for women's studies, SNDT University, 1989}.
- 13. James A Black, & Dean J Champion: Methods and Issues in social research, Martin D. Schwants {ed} Researching Sexual violence against Women.

Course Title Course Code

Feminism and the Genesis of Women Studies

PHWS102CCT

Scheme of Instruction Scheme of Examination

Total Duration: 60 Hrs Maximum Score: 100

Period / Week: 4 Internal evaluations: 30

Credits: 4 End Semesters: 70

Instruction Mode: Lecture Exam Duration: 3 Hrs

Course Objectives:

- 1. To familiarize the students with key concepts and theories of Feminism.
- 2. To acquaint the students with the genesis and growth of Women Studies as an academic discipline.
- 3. To sensitize the students about Gender issues and to provide the knowledge of feminist movements for the rights of women.

Course Outcome:

After completion of this paper, the students will get familiarized with the key concepts and Theories of feminism. The student will learn about the genesis and growth of WomenStudies. The students further get acquainted with the gender issues and feminism in India.

Unit	Course Content	Instruction
		Hours
	Feminism & Women Studies – Concepts and Genesis	
1		15 Hrs
	Feminism: Meaning , Definition, Concepts – Patriarchy,	
	Subordination and subjugation of Women, Sex Vs Gender,	
	Femininity & Masculinity, Socialization of Gender, Gender equity	
	and Equality, Gender roles, Gender discrimination, Private and	
	Public dichotomy.	

	Feminist movements& Women Studies: Inter relationship, Genesis of Women Studies, Women Studies as an academic discipline, objectives and Scope. Growth & Challenges of Women Studies in India.	
II	Feminist Theories-An Overview Liberal Feminism: Rationality, Equality, and Freedom. Radical Feminism: Dialectic of sex, Reproduction, Androgyny, Patriarchy, Violence, Motherhood, Women-hood. Marxist Feminism: Theory of Society, Marriage and Family, Production and Reproduction. Women's work and capitalism. Socialist Feminism: Theory of Society, Marriage and Family, Production and Reproduction. Women's work and capitalism. Post modern Feminism: Deconstruction, Subaltern groups, Culture, Intersectionality.	15 Hrs
III	Gender Inequality: Demographic indicators-Sex ratio, Literacy rate, Life expectancy, MMR, IMR, Work participation rate. Gender violence: Cast, Class, Female feoticide, Infanticides, Early marriages, Dowry system, Domestic violence, Sexual Harassment at work place. Gender and womanhood: Customary laws, Cultural norms, Widowhood, Problems of specially challenged, elderly and Single Women, Portrayal of Women in Media.	15 Hrs
IV	Feminism in India: Feminist Movements in Colonial India:- Social Reform Movement and the Emergence of Women Questions, Participation of Women in Social reform movement, Socio-legal reforms and Women's rights in colonial India. Participation of Women in National Movement. Feminist Movements in post Colonial India:- Issue base Movements: Chipko, Narmada, Anti Arrack and Telangana Movement. Movements for transforming laws – (with reference to Mathura Case, Shabanu Case, Nirbhaya Case)	15 Hrs

Internal Assessment tests, Assignment, Book review, Seminar presentation, End Semester Examination.

Reference Books:

- 1. John, Mary .Women's Studies in India: A Reader. Penguin: New Delhi.2008
- 2. Mies, Maria Indian Women and Patriarchy. Delhi: 1980.
- 3. Maithreyi Krishna Raj Women Studies in India Some Perspectives (Bombay: Popular Prakasham, 1986).
- 4. Desai, Neera and Maithrey Krishnaraj. Women and Society in India. Delhi: Ajantha, 1987.
- 5. Krishnaraj, Maithreyi (Edc). Women and Development: The India Experience. Mumbai, Rawat, 1988.
- 6. Omvedt, Gail. Violence against Women: New Movements and New Theories in India. New Delhi: 1990.
- 7. Veen Mazumdar: Emergence of the Indian Association of Women Studies-IAW News Letter-January 1991.
- 8. Ahuja, Ram (1993/2002) India Social System, Rawat, Jaipur.
- 9. Desai, Neera, A Decade of Women's Movement in India, Meena Pandev, Bombay, 1988
- 10. Shah, Nandita, Women's Movement in India, Kali, New Delhi, 1992
- 11. Kuumba, M. Bahati, Gender and Social Movements, Rawat Publication, New Delhi, 2003
- 12. Kumar, Radha, The History of Doing, Kali for Women, New Delhi, 1993
- 13. Rao, MSA, Social Movements in India, Vol. I, Manohar, New Delhi, 1979
- 14. Chattopadyayay, Kamala Devi, Indian Women's Battle for Freedom, Abhinav Publications, New Delhi, 1990
- 15. Farooqui, Vimla, A Short History of WomenMovement in India, Communist Pary Pub., New Delhi, July, 1996
- 16. Shah, Ghanshyam, Social Movements in India: A Review of Literature, Sage, New Delhi, 1990
- 17. Rege, Sharmila (ed), Sociology of Gender: The Challenge of Feminist Sociological Knowledge, Sage, New Delhi, 2003

Course Title Course Code

Feminism and Feminist Movements PHWS101DST

Scheme of Instruction Scheme of Examination

Total Duration : 60 Hrs Maximum Score : 100

Periods/Week: 4 Internal evaluations: 30

Credits : 4 End Semesters : 70

Instruction Mode: Lecture Exam Duration : 3 Hrs

Course Objectives: Annexure attached

1. To examine the various theories that feminists have offered to explain the matrix of domination from the nineteenth century to the present.

- 2. To introduce the student to the key debates within feminist theorizing as well as the shift in the terrain of the debates.
- 3. To acquaint the student with the Indian feminist traditions which has arisen out of the heterogeneity of Indian experience?

Course Outcomes:

The student at the end of the course shall be able to understand the basic concepts of feminism and learn about various feminist movements both in India and in the West. The students further acquire the knowledge about various theories of Feminism.

Unit	Course Content	Instruction
		Hours
1	Unit –I	15Hrs
	Defining Feminism	
	Objectives – goals, phases of feminist movement – Seneca Fall convention,	
	First wave, second wave, third wave of feminist movement.	
	Unit -II	15Hrs
l	Tracing the history of liberty, equality, freedom and justice. Worker's	
II	movement and suffrage's movement. History of women's struggle for	
	equality in the west.	
	Unit -III	15Hrs
l	Women's Issues in Colonial India. Sati, Bride-price, child marriage and the	
III	concerns brought about with teenaged mothers, plight of widows, religious	

	dedication and prostitution etc. social reform movement. Contribution of women in colonial India. Women in Nationalist movement. Gandhi and women. Women leaders	
IV	Unit –IV	15Hrs
	Post Independence and the birth of the autonomous women's movements, NGOization and growth of self help groups (SHGs). Critique of SHGs.	

Internal Assessment. Course work, Tests, end Seminar . Dissertation. Viva Voce.

- 1. Bhasin, Kamla, What is Patriarchy?, Kali For Women, New Delhi, 1993.
- Butler, Judith and Joan W Scott, eds. Feminist Theorize the Political, Routledge, New York, 1992.
- 3. Mary Eagleton, (ed) A concise companion to Feminist Theory, Blackwell publishing, 2003
- 4. Rosemarie Tong: Feminist Thought: A comprehensive Introduction, western press, Boulder and san Francisco
- 5. Bhagawat Vidyut, 2004, Introduction to Feminist Social Thought.

Course Title Course Code

Gender and Society in India PHWS102DST

Scheme of Instruction Scheme of Examination

Total Duration : 60 Hrs Maximum Score : 100

Periods/Week: 4 Internal evaluations: 30

Credits : 4 End Semesters : 70

Instruction Mode: Lecture Exam Duration : 3 Hrs

Course Objectives: Annexure attached

1. To make the students have familiarity with the existing socialization pattern in the society.

2. Functioning of institutions and disseminate gender sensitive approaches.

Course Outcomes:

After completing the Course, the student will get equipped with the knowledge of various social Institutions which construct gender and promote gender discrimination. The student will understand the process of socialisation and its dynamics.

Unit	Course Content	Instruction
		Hours
1	Unit –I	15Hrs
	Gender Concepts	
	Sex & Gender, Social construction of Gender, Gender Socialization, Gender	
	discrimination, gender stereotyping, Androgyny, Gender Roles.	
	Unit -II	15Hrs
	Structures of gender Inequality.	
II	Patterns of Gender inequality in terms of caste, class and religion	
	patterns of violence against women- Female foeticide, Female	
	Infanticide, child marriage. Dowry, Widowhood, Female commercial sex	
	workers, Domestic violence, problems of Elderly and single women.	
	Unit –III	15Hrs
l	Gender and Institutions:	
III	Kinship and Family: Patriarchy: Concept, origin, Matriliny, Matrilocality,	
	Joint and Nuclear family. Marriage- Concept and Definition, Monogamy,	
	Polygamy Polyandry, Multiple Roles, Role conflict.	

	Unit -IV	15Hrs
	Issues related to marginalized Women	
IV	Status of Dalit women, Tribal women, Minority women, physically	
	challenged women, victims of violence, devdasis.	

Internal Assessment. Course work, Tests, end Seminar . Dissertation. Viva Voce.

- Rege, Sharmila (ed), Sociology of Gender: The Challenge of Feminist Sociological Knowledge, Sage, New Delhi, 2003.
- 2. Singh, Indu Prakash, Indian Women: The Power Trapped, Galaxy Pub, New Delhi, 1991.
- 3. Mohanty, Manoranjan, (eds), Class, Caste, Gender, Sage, New Delhi, 2004
- 4. Census DocumentKarve, Irawati 1961: Hindu Society: An Interpretation Poona : Deccan College
- 5. Ahuja, Ram (1993/2002) Indian Social System, Rawat, Jaipur.

Course Title Course Code

Women and Health PHWS103DST

Scheme of Instruction Scheme of Examination

Total Duration: 60 Hrs Maximum Score: 100

Periods/Week: 4 Internal evaluations: 30

Credits : 4 End Semesters : 70

Instruction Mode: Lecture Exam Duration : 3 Hrs

Course Objectives: Annexure attached

1. This Course will include an analysis of health issues which concern women throughout the life cycle.

- 2. The psychological, Physiological, cultural and political impact upon women's well being will be addressed.
- 3. It will create awareness about the importance of Nutrition and Health to improve the quality of life for women in particular.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the Course the student become informed about the concept of health and its various determinants. The students will get knowledge of Reproductive Health related issues; the various impediments in achieving the reproductive health in particular and overall health in general. The students will get equipped with the various Policies and initiatives Govt. has floated for the achievement of Reproductive Goals as enshrined in the sustainable development goals by UN.

Unit	Course Content	Instruction
		Hours
1	Unit-I	15Hrs
	Social, economic & political determinants of Women's Health.	
	Reproductive Health: Menarche, Menstruation pregnancy, child birth, pre-	
	menstrual syndrome and menstrual disorder. Pregnancy- Ailment related to	
	pregnancy, Anaemia Unwanted pregnancy	
	– sex determination tests & termination of pregnancy, abortion, MTP Act,	
	delivery.	

	Unit-II	15Hrs
	Reproductive Technologies: Family planning –birth control permanent and	
II	temporary contraceptives effect on women's health –gender bias in	
	reproductive technology, health education. Government initiatives;	
	Sustainable Development Goals (SDG).	
	Unit-III	15Hrs
	Health and Nutritional Programme	
III	National and international agencies;	
	Cairo conference; International conference on population and development	
	(ICPD).	
IV	Unit-IV	15Hrs
	National health policy of India. MCH programmes	
	Immunization programme.	
	Small Family norm – Family welfare programme	
	International organizations – WHO (World Health Organization).	

Internal Assessment. Course work, Tests, end Seminar. Dissertation. Viva Voce.

- 1. Das Gupts Monica & Krishnan T.N. (1998). "Women and Health". Oxford, New Delhi.
- 2. Government of India. "Census Reports".
- 3. J.R. Park and K.Prak. (1983). "Text Book of Preventive and Social Medicines". Habalpure, M.S.Banarside.
- 4. K.AjitDalal and Subha Ray. (2005). "Social Dimensions of Health". Rawat Publications, Jaipur.
- 5. Krishnaraj Maithrey (ed). (1999). "Gender, population and development". Oxford, New Delhi.
- 6. Mohan Rao (Ed). (2004). "The Unheard Scream: Reproductive Health and Women?s Rights in India". Zubaan, New Delhi.
- 7. National Family Health Survey Report.
- 8. Rosalind Pollack Petchesky. (2003). "Gendering Health and Human Rights". Jed Book, London.
- 9. Shukla P.K. (1982). "Nutritional Problems of India". Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi.
- Swaminathan M. (1986). "Principles of Nutrition and dietetics". Bangalore printing and publishing, Bangalore.
- 11. Tulsi Patel, (Ed.). (2007). "Sex selective Abortion in India: Gender, Society and New Reproductive Technologies". Sage, New Delhi.
- 12. United Nations. "Human Development Report".

Course Title Course Code

Development: Gender Perspective PHWS104DST

Scheme of Instruction Scheme of Examination

: 100 Total Duration : 60 Hrs Maximum Score : 30 Periods/Week: 4 Internal evaluations Credits 4 **End Semesters** : 70 Instruction Mode: Exam Duration : 3 Hrs Lecture

Course Objectives:

1. To focus on the issues related to the processes of development and to analyze its impact on women.

2. To equip the student to understand major aspects of critique of development through a gender lens and its global and local contexts

Course Outcomes:

After completion of this paper the students will understand the development concepts and the perspective of engendering development, gender mainstreaming. Students may learn gender analysis frameworks.

Unit	Course Content	Instruction
		Hours
1	Gender and development	15 Hrs
	Development: changing concept – from growth to development, concept of human development, Women's role in Development, Different approaches to development: WID, WAD, GAD, Paradigm shift of Women's Development to Empowerment. Globalization and Women's Development.	
II	Women's Development and Empowerment – policies & programmes women development and empowerment – policies programmes of central and state government, IRDP – DWACRA – SGSY – ICDS, Streeshakti, MGNREGA	15 Hrs
	Support Services to Women Employment	15 Hrs
III	Employment Generation Schemes, Approaches and Access to Credit From traditional form of credit to micro credit), Micro finance Revolution – SHGs and Economic Empowerment, Structural Adjustment Program and Employment of Women.	
	Gender Planning	
	Human development Index Methods of Activity at Gender Based Analysis:	

IV	Gender Related Development Index, Gender Empowerment Measures	15 Hrs
	Mainstreaming Gender development policies – Gender needs– practical	
	and strategic	

Internal Assessment. Course work, Tests, end Seminar. Dissertation. Viva Voce.

- 1. IAWS, Feminist Approaches to Economic Theories A Report, IAWS, New Delhi, 1995.
- Promilla Kapur (ed), Empowering Indian Women, Publication Division, Government of India, New Delhi, 2000.
- 3. Kaila H.L, Women, Work and the Family, Rawat Publications, Jaipur, 2005.
- 4. Malcom Harper, Profit for the Poor Cases in Micro Finance, Oxford and IBH publishing House, New Delhi, 1998.
- Sheela Varghese, Employment of Women in the unorganized manufacturing sector,
 University Book House Private limited, Jaipur, 2003.
- Balakrishnan A., Rural Landless women Labourers- Problems and Prospects, Kalpaz Publications, New Delhi, 2005.
- 7. Dr. Meenu Agrawal (2009) Women Empowerment and Globalization A Modern Perspective, New Delhi: Kanishka Publishers
- 8. Bhaswati Das and Vimal Khawas (2011) Gender Issues in Development- Concerns for the 21st Century Jaipur: Rawat Publications
- 9. Bipin Kumar (2009) Globalization and Women Empowerment- Multidimensional Approaches New Delhi: Deep & Deep